Summer Work Packet for MPH Math Classes

Students going into Pre-calculus AC Sept. 2019

Name: _	
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This packet is designed to help students stay current with their math skills.

Each math class expects a certain level of number sense, algebra sense and graph sense in order to be successful in the course.

These problems need to be completed in the space provided and handed in for a grade by September 6th. Be sure to show all work.

Please email me at dmeehan@mphschool.org with any questions.

Linear Functions & Inequalities

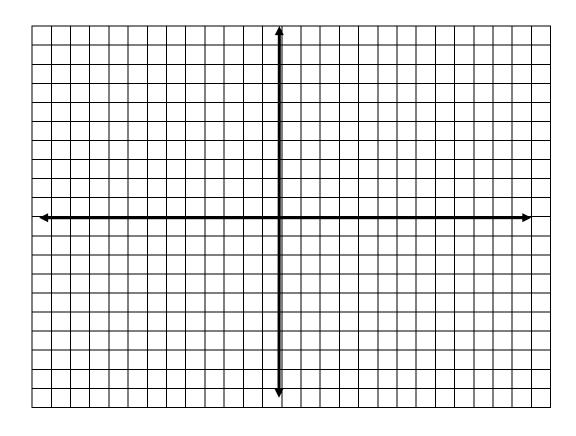
1. Given: 3x - 4y = 12.

A. Find the coordinates of the x-intercept: _____ and y-intercept: _____ .

B. Use these to calculate the slope. $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

C. Write the equation of a line parallel to the given line and going through the point (0, 2).

D. Graph both lines below.



2. Given: $m = -\frac{1}{2}$ and A (-4, 3)

Name _____

A. Write the equation of the line in point-slope form: ______

B. Write the equation of the line perpendicular to the given line going through the point (2, 1) in point-slope form.

3. Given: $(y-2) = \frac{3}{4}(x+4)$

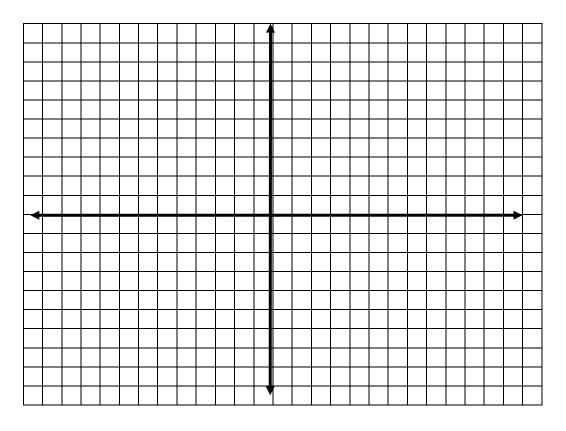
A. Name a point on the line. P (____, ___)

B. Find the slope. $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

C. Find f(-8). $f(-9) = _____$

4. **Graph** the inequalities. Name the **points of intersection**. **Label** the solution area. **Show your check** to verify the shaded area is correct.

$$y > \frac{2}{3}x - 1$$
 and $y \le -x - 2$ and $x > -3$



Solve for the variables using the <u>elimination</u> method. <u>Check</u>.

1.
$$5k + 9h = 13$$

 $6k + 3h = 13$

2.
$$a + b + c = 6$$

 $2a + b - 2c = -10$
 $a + 4b + c = 2$

Solve for the variables using the <u>substitution</u> method. <u>Check</u>.

3.
$$y = 3x - 12$$

 $3x - 2y = 125$

$$1. \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{5}{x}}{1 + \frac{3}{4}x}$$

$$2. \ \frac{a^{-1} + b^{-1}}{a - b}$$

$$3. \ \frac{28x^4y^5 - 16x^4y^3 + 4x^8y}{4x^4y}$$

Name _____

4.
$$\frac{(3y^2 - 108)(y^3 + 2y^2 - 24y)}{y(y^2 + 12y + 36)(3y^2 - 30y + 72)}$$
 (Leave your answer in factored form.)

5.
$$\frac{m^4 - 1}{m^3 - m^2 + m - 1}$$
 (Leave your answer in factored form.)

6.
$$\frac{ab^2c}{15} \div \frac{abc^3}{12} \cdot \frac{18bc}{2}$$

7.
$$\frac{6m-18n}{9m+9n} \cdot \frac{4m-4n}{24n-8m}$$
 (Leave your answer in factored form.)

8.
$$\frac{6a^2 - 11a + 3}{8a^2 - 10a - 3} \div \frac{6a^2 + 7a - 3}{8a^2 + 14a + 3}$$
 (Leave your answer in factored form.)

9.
$$\frac{a^2b - 2ab^2}{a^2 + 2ab - 3b^2} \div \frac{a^2 + 6ab}{a^2 + 11ab - 12b^2} \div \frac{ab - 2b^2}{a^2 + 9ab + 18b^2}$$
 (Leave your answer in factored form.)

10.
$$\frac{5}{6x} + \frac{3}{4y}$$

Name _____

11.
$$\frac{x}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x^2-4}$$

12.
$$\frac{7}{d^2 - 100} + \frac{4}{d^2 + 11d + 10}$$

$$13.\frac{7}{4x^2-1} - \frac{2}{1-2x} - \frac{3}{2x-1}$$

Algebra Review: Solve and check.

Name _____

14.
$$w^2 + 8w + 7 = 0$$

$$15.\ 3b^3 + 13b = 7b^2$$

$$16. \ 2p^3 + p^2 - 8p - 4 = 0$$

17.
$$\frac{5}{h} + \frac{1}{2} = -2$$

18.
$$\frac{3}{c} - \frac{2}{c-1} = \frac{1}{c^2 - c}$$

$$19. \ \frac{5}{2c+6} - \frac{1-2c}{4c} = 2$$

20.
$$\frac{a}{a-3} + \frac{a^2}{a^2 - 7a + 12} = \frac{2a+1}{a-4}$$

runctions	Name
	represent 2 different situations. Write one that represent a Explain why each is or is not a function.
Ex. 1: The number of loads of laur the week.	ndry I do is a function of the number of people at home during
	ne class is dependent on the numbers 15, 16 and 17. (More, or someone could be a different age.)
1	is
Function? Yes or No? Why?	
2	
<i>ل</i>	is

Function? Yes or No? Why?

Odd and Even Functions

Name _____

<u>Prove algebraically</u> that the function is odd, even or neither. Choosing a <u>numerical</u> value for x does **NOT** prove odd/even. It must be shown true for ALL values of x. Follow the example.

Definition: f(x) is odd, if f(-x) = -f(x).

f(x) is **even**, if f(-x) = f(x).

Otherwise, the function is **neither** odd nor even.

Example: $f(x) = 4x^3 - 5x$

Find f(-x): $f(-x) = 4(-x)^3 - 5(-x) = -4x^3 + 5x$. Thus, $f(-x) \neq f(x)$.

Find -f(x): $-f(x) = -(4x^3 - 5x) = -4x^3 + 5x$. Thus, -f(x) = f(-x) and the function is ODD.

1. f(x) = -3x + 1

4. $f(x) = \frac{1}{4x}$

2. $f(x) = x^2 + 4$

5. $f(x) = 3x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$

3. $f(x) = (x - 5)^2$

6. $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$

Quadratic Inequalities and Sign Patterning

Name _____

Use the number lines to indicate the sign of each factor. From this, determine the intervals of x values which make the inequality true.

EXAMPLE 1:
$$4x^3 \ge 4x^2 + 24x$$

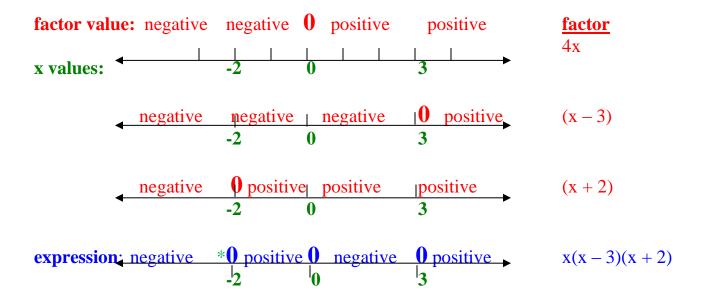
$$4x^{3} - 4x^{2} - 24x \ge 0$$

$$4x(x^{2} - x - 6) \ge 0$$

$$4x(x - 3)(x + 2) \ge 0$$

EXAMPLE 2:
$$\frac{x(x-3)}{(x+2)} < 0$$

Use the same number lines because multiplication and division with negative numbers have the same rules.



Therefore, the solution set for Example 1 is $\{x \mid -2 \le x \le 0 \text{ or } x \ge 3\}$.

Therefore, the solution set for Example 2 is $\{x \mid x < -2 \text{ or } 0 < x < 3\}$. (Example 2 is undefined at x = -2.*)

Name ______
Find the solution set using the <u>sign patterning</u> method. Graph the solution on a number line.

1.
$$w^2 - 7w < 0$$

$$5. \ \frac{k}{6-k} < 0$$

2.
$$30 + c - c^2 \le 0$$

6.
$$\frac{3}{5+x} < 0$$

$$3. 18x^3 \le 2x$$

$$7. \ \frac{g^2 + 3g - 28}{g - 2} < 0$$

4.
$$(2-p)(4-p)(7-p) > 0$$

1.
$$\log_4(x+1) = 3$$

4.
$$\log_5(x^2-4) = \log_5(3x)$$

2.
$$\log_3(x^2) = 5$$

5.
$$\log(x+1) + \log(x-2) = 1$$

3.
$$\log_5(x+2) = \log_5(4x-6)$$

Reference Angles & Trig Functions

1) Using the **unit circle**, give the <u>exact value</u> of each trigonometric expression. Pay attention to the sign of the answer (no calculator).

2) On the unit circle mark the letter of each problem in the correct angle position. Letter a is done for you.

i) $\tan(-19\pi/4)$ _____

b) $\cos(5\pi/4)$ _____

j) $\sec(14\pi)$ _____

c) $\tan(11\pi/6)$ _____

k) $\csc(13\pi/4)$ _____

d) $\cot(22\pi/3)$

1) $\cot(19\pi/3)$ _____

e) $\sec(13\pi/2)$ _____

m) $tan(-17\pi)$ _____

f) $\csc(28\pi)$ _____

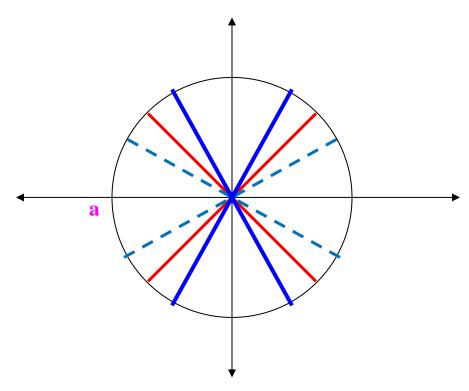
n) $\sin(47\pi/3)$ _____

g) $\sin(41\pi/6)$ ____

o) $\cos(-17\pi/6)$

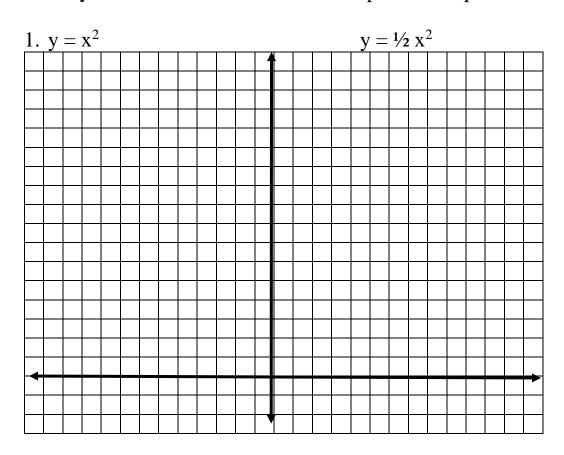
h) $\cos(-7\pi/3)$

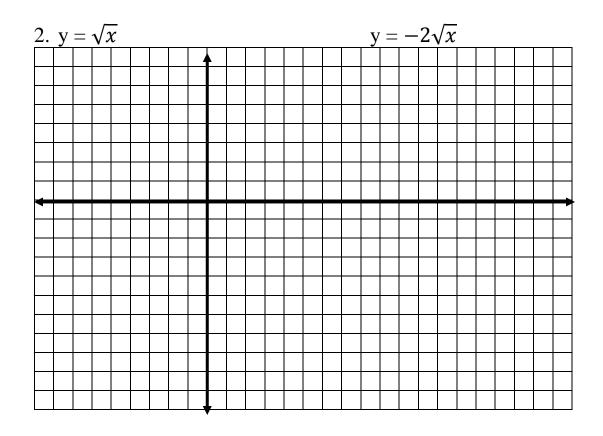
p) $\sin(-29\pi/4)$ _____

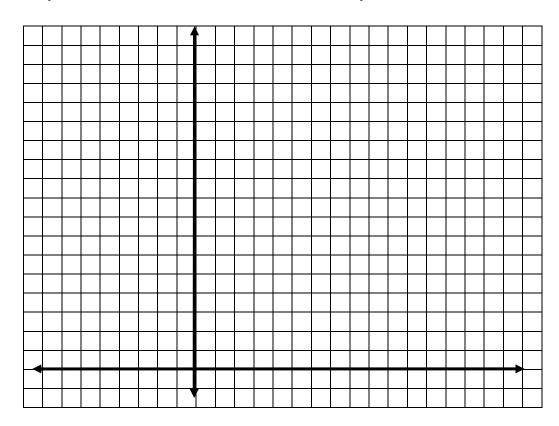


Graphing Functions

Graph the following functions on the graph below. Be sure to label your axes and identify the scale on each axis. Do each pair in the question on the same set of axes.

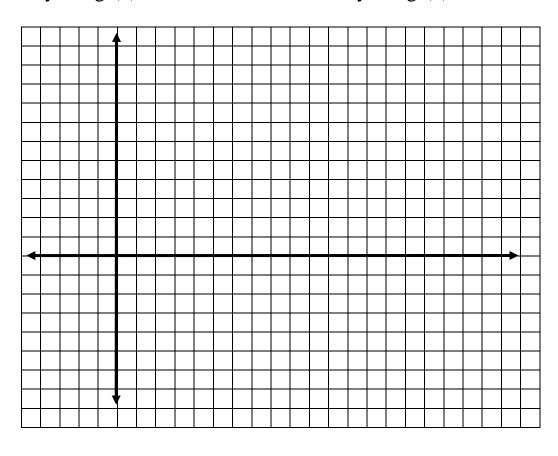






4.
$$y = log_3(x)$$

$$y = \log_3(x) + 2$$



5.
$$y = \sin(x)$$
 $y = \cos(x)$

Graph from -2π to 2π . Use 6 BLOCKS = π on the x-axis and 2 BLOCKS = 1 on the y-axis. (If you use your calculator, be sure to put it in radian mode and use ZOOM TRIG for the window.)

