

Summer Work Packet for MPH Math Classes

**Students going into Math 8
Sept. 2018**

Name: _____

This packet is designed to help students stay current with their math skills.

Each math class expects a certain level of number sense, algebra sense and graph sense in order to be successful in the course.

These problems need to be completed in the space provided, or a separate sheet of paper, by the first day of class. Be sure to show all work.

Students can expect this packet to be graded, and/or to have a test on this material during the first marking period. If you have any questions, please email Mrs. Reeve at sreeve@mphschool.org or Mrs. Meehan at dmeehan@mphschool.org

You will need a TI-84+ calculator for this class.

Be sure to show all work where necessary and leave your answers in their most simplified form! NO CALCULATORS!

Part I - GEMDAS

G – Grouping symbols (parentheses, brackets, fraction bar, etc.)

E – Exponents

M – Multiplication (remember this goes with division, left to right)

D – Division

A – Addition (remember this goes with subtraction, left to right)

S – Subtraction

Use the order of operations to simplify. NO CALCULATOR! Show your work.

1) $5 \cdot 3^2 - (7 + 3) \div 2$

2) $25 - (5 + 8) - 16 + 4 \div 2$

3) $16 - 2(4^2 + 3) + 4 \cdot 7$

4) $28 + 2^4 - 13 + 24 \div 4 \cdot 2$

5) $(4^2 - 2) + 16 \div 8 - (6 + 3)$

6) $52 + -6 \cdot (9 - 7) \div 2^2$

Part II - Integers and Rational Numbers: Find the answer. NO CALCULATOR!

7) $-9 + 15 =$ _____

8) $-14 + -13 =$ _____

9) $-8 + -13 =$ _____

10) $-5 - 9 =$ _____

11) $-16 + 21 =$ _____

12) $9 - 17 =$ _____

13) $-8 - (-11) =$ _____

14) $6 - (-14) =$ _____

15) $-12 - 9 =$ _____

16) $-18 + 7 =$ _____

17) $-21 + -55 =$ _____

18) $-19 - (-12) =$ _____

19) $-5.8 - 4.3 =$ _____

20) $-16.3 + 8.7 =$ _____

21) $-4.9 - (-12.4) =$ _____

22) $-5.1 + -8.2 =$ _____

23) $4.8 - 13.6 =$ _____

24) $-9.1 - 4.2 =$ _____

25) $(-8)(-9) =$ _____

26) $(13)(-7) =$ _____

27) $(-2.5)(3.6) =$ _____

28) $-28 \div 4 =$ _____

29) $-105 \div -5 =$ _____

30) $\frac{32}{-8} =$ _____

31) $-8 + -5 + 14 + 11 + -9 =$ _____

32) $-4 - 13 + 9 + -8 - (-7) - 4 =$ _____

Part III – Fractions: Leave your answer as a mixed number in lowest terms where necessary. Show your work.

Adding Fractions- Remember that you must have a common denominator to add fractions. You can work the problems across (horizontally) or up and down (vertically).

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Example 1: } \frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6} &= \\ \frac{9}{12} + \frac{10}{12} &= \\ \frac{19}{12} &= 1\frac{7}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Example 2: } \frac{2}{3} &= \frac{4}{6} \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6} \\ \hline & \frac{7}{6} = 1\frac{1}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$33) 1\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$34) 2\frac{2}{3} + 3\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$35) 4\frac{5}{6} + 5\frac{5}{9} =$$

$$36) 4\frac{3}{7} + 5\frac{11}{14} =$$

Subtracting Fractions- Remember that you must have a common denominator to subtract fractions. You can work the problems across (horizontally) or up and down (vertically).

$$\text{Example 1: } \frac{3}{4} - \frac{5}{8} =$$
$$\frac{6}{8} - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\text{Example 2: } \frac{2}{3} = \frac{10}{15}$$
$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{15}$$

$$\frac{7}{15}$$

$$37) 6\frac{7}{9} - 4\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$38) 5\frac{2}{5} - 2\frac{7}{10} =$$

$$39) 6 - 2\frac{8}{11} =$$

$$40) 7\frac{3}{8} - 3\frac{2}{3} =$$

Multiplying fractions: When you are multiplying fractions, you do not need to find a common denominator. You must first change any whole number or mixed number to an improper fraction. Remember, when you are multiplying fractions it is easier to simplify first, if possible, and then multiply the numerators and multiply the denominators.

EXAMPLE: $\frac{24}{25} \times \frac{15}{28} = \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{18}{35}$

EXAMPLE: $4\frac{2}{3} \times 15 = \frac{14}{3} \times \frac{15}{1} = 14 \times 5 = 70$

41) $\frac{3}{10} \cdot \frac{5}{6} =$

42) $2\frac{1}{4} \cdot 3\frac{1}{3} =$

43) $5\frac{5}{8} \cdot 3\frac{1}{5} =$

44) $4\frac{4}{9} \cdot 2\frac{1}{10} =$

Dividing fractions: The rule for dividing fractions and mixed numbers is to first convert each number to a fraction (proper or improper). Then keep the first number the same, change the problem to multiplication and use the reciprocal of the second fraction. Now you can follow the rules from multiplication.

EXAMPLE: $3\frac{3}{5} \div 2\frac{4}{7} = \frac{18}{5} \div \frac{18}{7} = \frac{18}{5} \times \frac{7}{18} = \frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$

45) $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{3}{4} =$

46) $4\frac{1}{6} \div 2\frac{1}{2} =$

47) $3\frac{1}{4} \div 1\frac{7}{4} =$

48) $4\frac{2}{3} \div 6 =$

Part IV - Word Problems: Write a number sentence that could be used to solve the situation, then solve.

49) The soccer team at MPH practices for $1\frac{3}{4}$ hours a day, 5 days a week. How many total hours do they practice each week if they don't have any games?

50) Steve can long jump $14\frac{1}{2}$ feet. His younger sister can long jump $\frac{3}{4}$ as far. How far can Steve's little sister long jump? (HINT: make sure your answer makes sense!)

51) A flight leaves the Syracuse Airport every $1\frac{1}{4}$ minutes. How many flights leave in an hour?

52) You have a $6\frac{1}{2}$ foot long piece of ribbon. You need to make bows using $\frac{3}{4}$ of a foot of ribbon for each one. How many bows can you make?